

## Math 316 Hwk 2

**Problem 1.** Prove that  $||\mathbf{x}|| - ||\mathbf{y}|| \leq ||\mathbf{x} - \mathbf{y}||$ .

**Problem 2.** A function  $f : \mathbb{R}^m \rightarrow \mathbb{R}^n$  is said to be Lipschutz with constant  $L > 0$  on the set  $S \subset \mathbb{R}^m$  if for all  $\mathbf{x}, \mathbf{y} \in S$ , we have

$$||f(\mathbf{x}) - f(\mathbf{y})|| \leq L||\mathbf{x} - \mathbf{y}||.$$

Prove that if  $f$  is Lipschutz on  $S$ , then  $f$  is uniformly continuous on  $S$ .

**Problem 3.** Let  $\{(X_k, d_k)\}_{k=1}^{\infty}$  be a countably infinite collection of uniformly bounded metric spaces (meaning  $d_k(p, q) \leq M$  for all  $k \in \mathbb{N}$ ). Let  $X = \prod_{k=1}^{\infty} X_k$ . For  $\{x_k\}_{k=1}^{\infty}$  and  $\{y_k\}_{k=1}^{\infty}$  in  $X$ , define

$$\rho(\{x_k\}_{k=1}^{\infty}, \{y_k\}_{k=1}^{\infty}) = \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} 2^{-k} d_k(x_k, y_k).$$

Show that  $(X, \rho)$  is a metric space.

**Problem 4.** Prove that  $(\overline{E})^c = (E^c)^{\circ}$ .

**Problem 5.** Let  $X$  be an infinite set. Define

$$d(p, q) = \begin{cases} 1 & p \neq q \\ 0 & p = q. \end{cases}$$

Prove that  $(X, d)$  is a metrix space. Describe which sets are open, which are closed, and which are compact.

**Problem 6.** Given an example of a set with exactly 3 limit points.

**Problem 7.** Give an example of an open cover of  $(0, 1) \times (0, 1)$ , which has no finite subcover.

**Problem 8.** If  $\mathbf{b}_n > n$  for each  $n$ , prove that  $\{\mathbf{b}_n\}_{n=1}^{\infty}$  is unbounded.

**Problem 9.** Given two sets  $C$  and  $D$  in  $\mathbb{R}^n$ , define the distance  $d(C, D)$  to be

$$d(C, D) = \inf\{||\mathbf{c} - \mathbf{d}|| \mid \mathbf{c} \in C, \mathbf{d} \in D\}.$$

Prove that:

- (a). For fixed  $\mathbf{d}$ , the function  $h(\mathbf{x}) = \|\mathbf{x} - \mathbf{d}\|$  is continuous.
- (b). For a closed set  $D$ ,  $\exists \mathbf{d} \in D$  such that  $d(\mathbf{x}, D) = \|\mathbf{x} - \mathbf{d}\|$ . *HINT:* Choose  $r$  so that  $B(\mathbf{x}, r) \cap D \neq \emptyset$ , note that  $B(\mathbf{x}, r) \cap D$  is compact and consider  $h$  on  $B(\mathbf{x}, r) \cap D$ .

**Problem 10.** Prove that:

- (a). The function  $f(\mathbf{x}) = d(\mathbf{x}, D)$  is continuous.
- (b). If  $C$  is compact and  $D$  is closed, then there exists  $\mathbf{c} \in C$  and  $\mathbf{d} \in D$  such that  $d(C, D) = \|\mathbf{c} - \mathbf{d}\|$ . *HINT:* Look at  $f$  on  $C$ .