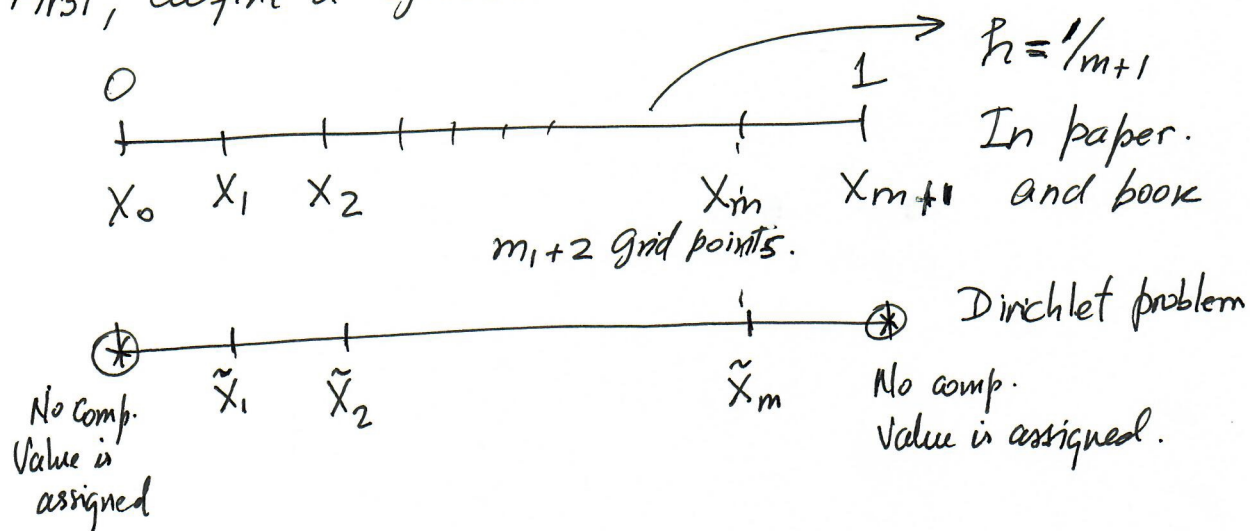


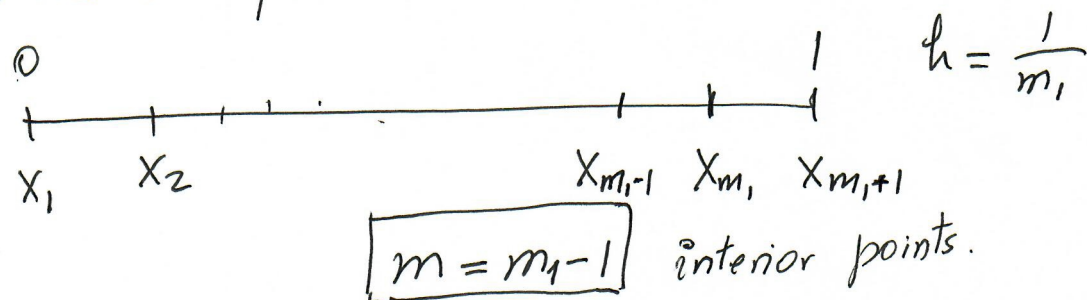
Solve Nonhomogeneous Dirichlet

$$\begin{cases} -u''(x) + u(x) = x, & 0 < x < 1 \\ u(0) = 0, \quad u(1) = \beta \end{cases}$$

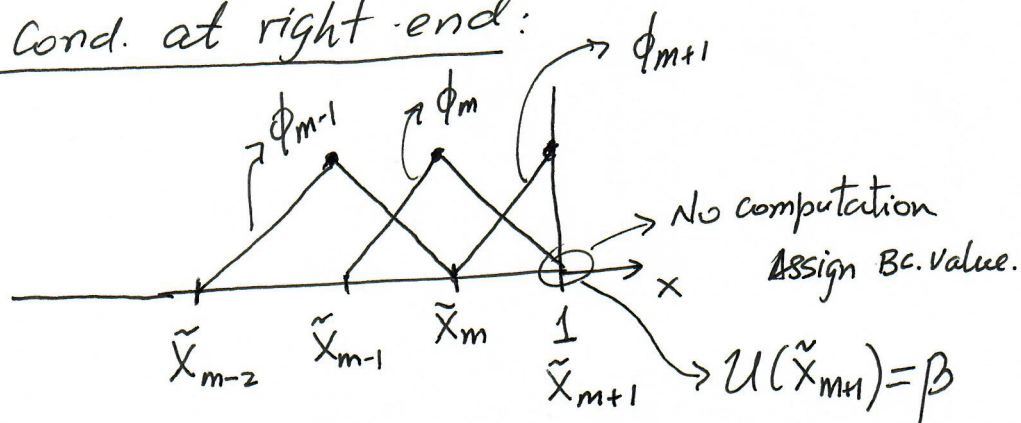
First, define a grid:



In the Leveque codes:



Dirichlet cond. at right end:



Variational form. with Dirichlet BCs.

$$\int_0^1 (u''v - uv) dx = - \int_0^1 x v dx$$

$$\int_0^1 u''v dx - \int_0^1 uv dx = - \int_0^1 x v dx$$

$$u'v \Big|_0^1 - \int_0^1 u'v' dx - \int_0^1 uv dx = - \int_0^1 x v dx.$$

$$\text{or } \int_0^1 u'v' dx + \int_0^1 uv dx = u'(1)v(1) - u'(0)v(0) + \int_0^1 x v dx$$

Assuming $v(0)=0=v(1)$.

$$\int_0^1 u'v' dx + \int_0^1 uv dx = \int_0^1 x v dx.$$

$$a(u,v) = (x,v).$$

If BVP is Dirichlet nonhomogeneous.

$$u(0)=0, \quad u(1)=\beta \neq 0.$$

We maintain the condition $v(0)=0=v(1)$

and express the solution $u(x)$ as

$$u(x) = \sum_{j=1}^{m+1} u_j \phi_j + u_{m+1}^{\beta} \phi_{m+1}$$

Soln $u(x)$ in terms of basis functions:

$$\boxed{u(x) = \sum_{j=1}^m u_j \phi_j + u_{m+1}^B \phi_{m+1}} \quad (\text{NH.3})$$

Discrete equation at $x = \tilde{x}_m$

$$\boxed{a(u, \phi_m) = (f, \phi_m)} \quad (\text{N.H.4}) \quad \text{cut here!}$$

Substituting (NH.3) into (NH.4), we obtain
the last equation for the matrix at $x = x_m$

Find it!